

Caution: You Are Administering Hazardous Drugs. Are You Using Safe Handling Practices?

Presented by Darlene Lovasik, MN, RN, CCRN-K During the 2019 Annual Convention

Summary: This presentation reviews the NIOSH guidelines, USP Chapter <800> requirements/ standards related to nursing, describes safe-handling practices, and discusses the technology and procedures available to decrease the risks of handling, preparing, and administering hazardous drugs.

Nursing Implications:

- USP Chapter <800> provides standards for safe handling of hazardous drugs to minimize the risk of exposure to healthcare personnel, patients, and the environment.
- Responsibilities of personnel handling hazardous drugs are outlined in the NIOSH quidelines.
- Routes of exposure to hazardous drugs are inhalation, dermal absorption, ingestion, or injection.
- Spills of hazardous drugs must be managed with a hazardous drug spill kit.

Key Takeaways:

- NIOSH identifies three groups of hazardous drugs: antineoplastic drugs, nonantineoplastic hazardous drugs, and drugs with reproductive effects
- These standards apply to all healthcare personnel who receive, prepare, administer, transport, or otherwise come in contact with hazardous drugs.
- Ensuring compliance with USP Chapter <800> is the responsibility of regulators such as the FDA, states, and other government authorities.

Link: https://library.amsn.org/amsn/sessions/5298/view

References:

National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/index.htm Accessed 6/25/19.

USP General Chapter <800> Hazardous Drugs—Handling in Healthcare Settings. https://www.usp.org/compounding/general-chapter-hazardous-drugs-handling-healthcare Accessed 6/25/19.

View a complete menu of REAL Briefs[™] at amsn.org/real-briefs-convention.

Copyright ©2020, Academy of Medical-Surgical Nurses (AMSN). No materials, including graphics, may be reused, modified, or reproduced without written permission.

